

INVENTORS

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S2	530	AU=AYERS, R?
S3	327	AU=SIMSKE S?
S4	396	AU=SIMSKE, S?
S5	31972	AU=MOORE J?
S6	24149	AU=MOORE, J?
S7	4352	AU=CASTILLO M?
S8	1490	AU=CASTILLO, M?
S9	10	AU=GOTTOLI G?
S10	51	AU=GOTTOLI, G?
S11	61336	S1:S10
S12	326	S11 AND NET
S13	3	S12 AND TRICALCIUM
S14	12	S12 AND (ALPHA OR BETA)
S15	14	S13 OR S14
S16	3	RD (unique items)

? t s16/3,k/1-3

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16/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0014031119

WPI Acc no: 2004-213069/200420

Related WPI Acc No: 2002-546850; 2003-402807

XRAM Acc no: C2004-084471

XRPX Acc No: N2004-168757

Production of porous tricalcium phosphate net-shaped material, useful for orthopedic implants, involves forming reactant mixture comprising calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide into desired shape and heating

Patent Assignee: AYERS R A (AYER-I); CASTILLO M (CAST-I); GOTTOLI G (GOTT-I); MOORE J J (MOOR-I); SIMSKE S J (SIMS-I)

Inventor: **AYERS R A; CASTILLO M; GOTTOLI G; MOORE J J; SIMSKE S J**

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)							
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Type
US 20040019385	A1	20040129	US 2000234841	P	20000922	200420	B
			US 2001957829	A	20010921		
			US 2002199139	A	20020719		

			US 2003621752	A	20030716
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Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2000234841 P 20000922; US 2001957829 A 20010921; US 2002199139 A 20020719; US 2003621752 A 20030716

Patent Details						
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes	
US 20040019385	A1	EN	17	7	Related to Provisional	US 2000234841
					Continuation of application	US 2001957829
					C-I-P of application	US 2002199139

Production of porous tricalcium phosphate net-shaped material, useful for orthopedic implants, involves forming reactant mixture comprising calcium oxide and phosphorus... Original Titles: Manufacture of porous **net**-shaped materials comprising **alpha** or **beta tricalcium** phosphate or mixtures thereof Inventor: **AYERS R A... ..CASTILLO M... ..GOTTOLI G... ..MOORE J J... ..SIMSKE S J** Alerting **Abstract** ...die is non-combustible. The mixture is heated above its ignition temperature to produce a **net**-shaped material by combustion synthesis reaction. ...the mole percent ratio of calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide allows the mixture to form **tricalcium** phosphate upon combustion. The reactant mixture is formed into desired shape by placing it into... ..is non-combustible. The reactant mixture is heated above its ignition temperature to produce a **net**-shaped material by combustion synthesis reaction. The material comprises **alpha-tricalcium** phosphate or a mixture of **alpha**- and **beta-tricalcium** phosphateAn INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for porous **tricalcium** phosphate **net**-shaped material... ..ADVANTAGE - The method accurately controls material parameters of the **net**-shaped material for obtaining desired porosity surface chemistry and structural material modulus. The **net**-shaped material provides improved biocompatibility, mechanical stability and reduced stress. **Title Terms** .../Index Terms/Additional Words: **NET**; **Class Codes** Original Publication Data by Authority Argentina **Publication No.** Inventor name & address: **Ayers, Reed A... ..Simske, Steven J... ..Moore, John J... ..Castillo, Martin... ..Gottoli, Guglielmo** **Original Abstracts:** Methods for producing porous **tricalcium** phosphate **net**-shaped **material** are **provide**. The methods involve preparing a reactant mixture comprising calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide in a mole percent ratio that allows the mixture to form **tricalcium** phosphate upon combustion **thereof**, forming this mixture into a desired final shape in a die with compression, and carrying out a combustion synthesis therewith. **Net**-shaped TCP materials **of** the combustion synthesis, comprising **alpha tricalcium** phosphate or **mixtures of alpha and beta tricalcium phosphate**, are **optionally further** treated to effect transition of the **alpha** phase to the **beta** phase. The **net-shaped** TCP materials **can** have a uniform or non-uniform porosity. **Claims:** What is claimed is: **1.** A method of producing a porous **tricalcium** phosphate **net**-shaped material having an intended final **shape**, comprising: **(a)** preparing a reactant mixture comprising

calcium oxide and phosphorus pentoxide, wherein the mole percent ratio of said calcium oxide and said phosphorus pentoxide allows the reactant mixture to form **tricalcium** phosphate upon combustion;(b) forming said reactant mixture into said **intended** final shape by placing said mixture into a combustible or noncombustible die having said intended... .. formed reactant mixture to at least the ignition temperature of said mixture to produce a **net**-shaped material by a combustion synthesis reaction, said material comprising **alpha tricalcium** phosphate or a mixture of **alpha** and **beta tricalcium** phosphate; and(e) optionally subjecting said **net-shaped** material to conditions sufficient to **convert** at **least** a portion of said **alpha tricalcium** phosphate to **beta tricalcium** phosphate.

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16/3,K/2 (Item 1 from file: 6)

DIALOG(R)File 6: NTIS

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2422063 **NTIS Accession Number:** N20040053513/XAB

Effect of Gravity on Porous Tricalcium Phosphate and Nonstoichiometric Titanium Carbide Produced via Combustion Synthesis

Castillo, M. ; Moore, J. J. ; Schowengerdt, F. D. ; Ayers, R. A.

Colorado School of Mines, Golden.

Corporate Source Codes: 006683000

Sponsor: National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC.

2004 4p

Language: English

Journal Announcement: USGRDR0818

Sponsored by National Aeronautics and Space Administration, Washington, DC.

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Effect of Gravity on Porous Tricalcium Phosphate and Nonstoichiometric Titanium Carbide Produced via Combustion Synthesis

Castillo, M. ; Moore, J. J. ; Schowengerdt, F. D. ; Ayers, R. A.

...are difficult to fabricate by other methods. This processing technique is also capable of near net shape synthesis, while variable gravity allows the manipulation of the structure and composition of the material. The creation of porous tricalcium phosphate (TCP) is advantageous in the biomaterials field, since it is both a biocompatible material and an osteoconductive material. Porous tricalcium phosphate produced via SHS is an excellent candidate for bone scaffold material in

the bone...

Descriptors:

16/3,K/3 (Item 1 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R)File 35: Dissertation Abs Online

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01999822 ORDER NO: AADAA-I0806072

Combustion synthesis of porous tricalcium phosphate, titanium carbide, and nonstoichiometric titanium carbide

Author: Castillo, Martin

Degree: Ph.D.

Year: 2004

Corporate Source/Institution: Colorado School of Mines (0052)

Source: Volume 6502B of Dissertations Abstracts International.

PAGE 971 .

Combustion synthesis of porous tricalcium phosphate, titanium carbide, and nonstoichiometric titanium carbide

Author: Castillo, Martin

...of the research herein examines the self-propagating high temperature combustion synthesis (SHS) of porous tricalcium phosphate (TCP), titanium carbide, and nonstoichiometric titanium carbide. The emphasis of this research is twofold... ...are difficult to fabricate via other methods. This processing technique is also capable of near net shape synthesis, while variable gravity allows the manipulation of the microstructure of the material. Combustion ...

PATENTS & NPL ABSTRACTS

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Set	Items	Description
S1	1220796	(MESH? OR FABRIC? OR WEB? OR KNIT? OR BRAID? OR WOVEN? OR NON()WOVEN? OR NET()LIKE OR NETLIKE OR NETSHAP? OR NET()SHAP? THREAD? OR STRAND? OR FILIFORM? OR FIBER? OR FIBR?) (4N) (FORM? OR MOLD? OR SHAPE? OR SHAPING OR EXTRUDE? OR RESHAPE? ? OR RESHAPING OR CONTOUR? OR RECONTOUR? OR CONFIGURE? OR RECONFIGURE? OR PATTERN? OR REPATTERN? OR DESIGN? OR REDESIGN?)
S2	101273	(ALPHA OR BETA) (2N) (TRICALCIUM()PHOSPHATE?) OR TRIBASIC()CALCIUM()PHOSPHATE? OR BONE()ASH OR TRICALCIUM()DIPHOSPHATE? OR TCP
S3	185132	CALCIUM()OXIDE OR CAO OR QUICKLIME?
S4	20786	PHOSPHORUS()PENTOXIDE? OR PHOSPHORUS()OXIDE? OR PHOSPHORIC()ANHYDRIDE?
S5	980768	(ORTHOPEDIC? OR DENTAL? OR BONE OR SPINAL OR SPINE OR LUMBAR OR BACKBONE OR COSMETIC?) (5N) (APPLICATION? OR RESTORATIVE? OR RECONSTRUCTIVE? OR REPLACEMENT? OR REMODEL? OR REPAIR? OR SURGERY OR BIOMATERIAL?)
S6	1129	S1 AND S2
S7	2216	S1 AND S3
S8	307	S1 AND S4
S9	23	S6 AND S7
S10	3	S6 AND S8
S11	175	S6 AND S5
S12	74	S7 AND S5
S13	18	S8 AND S5
S14	7	S11 AND S12
S15	39	S9 OR S10 OR S13 OR S14
S16	27	RD (unique items)
S17	14	S16 NOT PY>2003
S18	1048	S2 AND S3
S19	39	S18 AND S4
S20	23	S18 AND S1
S21	3	S19 AND S20
S22	15	S19 AND S5
S23	7	S20 AND S5
S24	21	S21:S23
S25	18	RD (unique items)
S26	8	S25 NOT PY>2003
S27	22	S17 OR S26

? t s27/3,k/1-22

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27/3,K/1 (Item 1 from file: 347)

DIALOG(R)File 347: JAPIO

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01927541 HIGH-STRENGTH CRYSTALLIZED GLASS CONTAINING BOTH BETA- TRICALCIUM PHOSPHATE CRYSTAL AND ANORTHITE CRYSTAL AND PRODUCTION THEREOF

Pub. No.: 61-141641 [JP 61141641 A]

Published: June 28, 1986 (19860628)

Inventor: KASUGA TOSHIHIRO
NAKAGAWA KENJI

Applicant: HOYA CORP [330074] (A Japanese Company or Corporation), JP (Japan)

Application No.: 59-260037 [JP 84260037]

Filed: December 11, 1984 (19841211)

Journal: Section: C, Section No. 384, Vol. 10, No. 335, Pg. 138, November 13, 1986 (19861113)

****Image available****

HIGH-STRENGTH CRYSTALLIZED GLASS CONTAINING BOTH BETA-TRICALCIUM PHOSPHATE CRYSTAL AND ANORTHITE CRYSTAL AND PRODUCTION THEREOF

ABSTRACT

...an implantation material, by heat-treating crystal glass for a material of body comprising MgO, **CaO**, SiO(sub 2), P(sub 2)O(sub 5), and Al(sub 2)O(sub...

...**CONSTITUTION:** Glass having a composition comprising $\geq 90\text{wt}\%$ total amounts of 8-26wt% MgO, 18-43wt% **CaO**, 25-40wt% SiO(sub 2), 10-25wt% P(sub 2)O(sub 5), and 10... ..5), and 0-10wt% Ta(sub 2)O(sub 5) is produced, ground into ≤ 200 **meshes** once, **molded** into a desired shape, and calcined. The glass is heat-treated at 1,000-1,100 deg.C, and **.beta.- tricalcium phosphate** crystal, anorthite crystal, and one or more crystals of diposide, forsterite, and akermanite are precipitated... Di01

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27/3,K/2 (Item 1 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0013425970 *Drawing available*

WPI Acc no: 2003-516782/200349

XRAM Acc no: C2003-139301

XRPX Acc No: N2003-409763

Implant material used as artificial bone supplementation material, is equipped with porous material and skin layer which when irradiated with X-ray at preset condition, shows X-ray diffraction peak with preset half peak width

Patent Assignee: NGK SPARK PLUG CO LTD (NITS)

Inventor: HATTORI M; OKADA T; OKURA T; OTSUKA H

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)

Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Type
JP 2003062061	A	20030304	JP 2001252073	A	20010822	200349	B

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): JP 2001252073 A 20010822

Patent Details					
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes
JP 2003062061	A	JA	10	3	

Alerting Abstract ... USE - As artificial bone supplementation material in medical specialties, such as **orthopedics**, plastic surgery, **brain surgery**, **oral** and **maxillofacial surgery**, and dentistry... **Extension Abstract** ...COMPOUNDS - The porous material consists of calcium-phosphate group compound which is hydroxyapatite and/or **tribasic calcium phosphate**.consisting of 5 mass% of calcium phosphate group glass-frit (90 mol% or more of **calcium oxide-phosphorus pentaoxide**) and hydroxyapatite powder having mean particle diameter of 0.6 mum. The obtained slurry was... ..of 200 mum. The crystal phase of the porous material surface was found to contain **tribasic calcium phosphate** and hydroxyapatite, by X-ray analysis. The porous material was immersed into a solution containing **Extension Abstract Image**

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27/3,K/3 (Item 2 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0013093161

WPI Acc no: 2003-174120/200317

Related WPI Acc No: 2004-096856; 2006-330007

XRAM Acc no: C2003-045451

XRPX Acc No: N2003-137062

Production of hard tissue scaffold used in bone repair and reconstruction comprises melting selected glass composition, controlling resorption rate of glass and forming fibers

Patent Assignee: JANAS V F (JANA-I); TENHUISEN K S (TENH-I)

Inventor: JANAS V F; TENHUISEN K S

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)							
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Type
US 20020139147	A1	20021003	US 2001772363	A	20010130	200317	B

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 2001772363 A 20010130

Patent Details					
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Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes
US 20020139147	A1	EN	7	0	

Production of hard tissue scaffold used in bone repair and reconstruction comprises melting selected glass composition, controlling resorption rate of glass and forming fibers **Alerting Abstract** ... melted state for a specific period to control the resorption rate of the glass, and **forming fibers**. ...USE - Used in biological **applications**, particularly as **bone** implants used in **bone repair** and reconstruction ... **Technology Focus** INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Process: The process also includes **forming fiber** types from the same selected glass composition, with each fiber type having an associated resorption... ..upon an associated period in which the glass is held in the molten state. The **fiber** types are **formed** into a common textile structure having a predetermined spacial distribution of each fiber type. The process also includes combining a matrix material with the **fibers** to **form** a scaffold. The process also includes adding bone growth agents and a medicament to the... ..1-100 mum. The glass comprises a phosphate and includes calcium oxide, iron oxide and **phosphorus pentoxide** in a molar ratio of 16.5-33.5:16.5-33.5:50.0... **Extension Abstract** EXAMPLE - Reagent grades of calcium oxide, iron oxide and **phosphorus pentoxide** in a molar ratio of 16.5:33.5:50 were mixed and melted in ... Original Publication Data by AuthorityArgentina**Publication No.** ...**Claims:**state for a selected time to control the resorption rate of the glass; and (d) **forming** the glass into **fibers**.

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27/3,K/4 (Item 3 from file: 350)

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0010914199

WPI Acc no: 2001-535543/200159

XRAM Acc no: C2001-159450

XRPX Acc No: N2001-397658

Making biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic implant device useful as scaffolds to facilitate bone healing or replace defects of hard tissue, by impregnating an organic fabric with metal and phosphate ceramic precursors

Patent Assignee: ETHICON INC (ETHI); JANAS V F (JANA-I); TENHUISEN K S (TENH-I)

Inventor: JANAS V F; TENHUISEN K S

Patent Family (2 patents, 1 countries)							
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Type
US 20010016353	A1	20010823	US 1999333231	A	19990614	200159	B

			US 2001819214	A	20010328	
US 6667049	B2	20031223	US 2001819214	A	20010328	200408 E

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1999333231 A 19990614; US 2001819214 A 20010328

Patent Details						
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes	
US 20010016353	A1	EN	8	2	Division of application	US 1999333231

Alerting Abstract ... and at least one phosphate ceramic precursor; heat treating the organic textile to oxide the **fabric** and **form** the biocompatible, bioresorbable **ceramic green body**; and sintering the biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic, to yield resorbable hard tissue scaffolds... or animal tissue, such as bone or cartilage. These scaffolds are useful as implant materials **for the replacement** of defects or hollow portions of hard tissue resulting from external injury or surgical removal... **Technology Focus** ...INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Method: The phosphorous source consists of triethyl phosphate, triethylphosphite, alkoxides of **phosphorus**, phenyl dichlorophosphine, phenyl dichlorophosphate, H₃PO₄, H₃PO₄ hydrates, H₃PO₃, P₂O₅, H₄P₂O₇ or combinations of these. The... **Extension Abstract** Original Publication Data by AuthorityArgentina**Publication No.** ...**Original Abstracts:**template with metal and phosphate ceramic precursors, heat treating the impregnated fabric to decompose the **fabric** to **form** a ceramic **green body**, and sintering **the ceramic green body** to **form** the scaffold which has a form analogous to **that** of the **fabric** template. Impregnating **the fabric** may be by soaking the fabric in a solution or sol containing the ceramic **precursors**. The **fabric** may be **formed** into a laminate prior to **heat** treating. Sintering **results** in **fibers** of the **fabric** being cross-sintered with one **another** to **form a** three-dimensional scaffold structure having controlled pore size and distribution. The scaffold may be treated... **Claims:**at least one phosphate ceramic precursor,b) heat treating the organic textile to oxidize the **fabric** and **form** the biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic green body, andc) sintering the **biocompatible**, bioresorbable **ceramic**, to yield resorbable hard tissue scaffolds... at least one phosphate ceramic precursor,b) heat treating the organic fabric to oxidize the **fabric** and **form a biocompatible**, bioresorbable ceramic green body, andc) sintering the biocompatible, bioresorbable ceramic green body, thereby forming said resorbable hard tissue scaffold.

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DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0009240287

WPI Acc no: 1999-167385/199914

XRAM Acc no: C1999-048923

Biologically active glass-based cell growth substrate - containing biodegradable polymer, useful in prostheses, e.g. for filling bone defects, or in vitro applications

Patent Assignee: US BIOMATERIALS CORP (USBI-N)

Inventor: FOSMOE A; LATORRE G; LEE S; ZHONG J

Patent Family (2 patents, 80 countries)							
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Type
WO 1999007777	A1	19990218	WO 1998US16470	A	19980807	199914	B
AU 199888251	A	19990301	AU 199888251	A	19980807	199928	E

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 199755059 P 19970808

Patent Details						
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes	
WO 1999007777	A1	EN	24	0		
National Designated States,Original	AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY CA CH CN CU CZ DE DK EE ES FI GB GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MD MG MK MN MW MX NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT UA UG US UZ VN YU ZW					
Regional Designated States,Original	AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW NL OA PT SD SE SZ UG ZW					
AU 199888251	A	EN			Based on OPI patent	WO 1999007777

...containing biodegradable polymer, useful in prostheses, e.g. for filling bone defects, or in vitro applications Alerting Abstract ...bioactive glass is dispersed, where the glass comprises silicon dioxide, sodium oxide, calcium oxide and **phosphorus pentoxide** and the combination of polymer and glass provides a three dimensional matrix suitable for cell... **Documentation Abstract** ...bioactive glass is dispersed, where the glass comprises silicon dioxide, sodium oxide, calcium oxide and **phosphorus pentoxide** and the combination of polymer and glass provides a three dimensional matrix suitable for cell... ... the form of a melt-derived glass, a sol-gel derived composition, a sintered glass **derived** composition or spun **fibres**.**Documentation Abstract Image** Original Publication Data by AuthorityArgentina**Publication No. ...Original Abstracts:**for growing tissue, including bone, are disclosed. The glass is formed from oxides of silicon, **phosphorus, sodium**, and calcium, and is dispersed within a porous biodegradable polymer to form a three dimensional...

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0007900214

WPI Acc no: 1996-261404/199627

XRAM Acc no: C1996-082773

XRPX Acc No: N1996-219912

Biocompatible composite materials used e.g. as implantable bone defect substitutes - comprise 1st absorbable phase comprising polymer formed from aliphatic lactone monomers and 2nd resorbable phase comprising osteo-inductive or -conductive calcium-contg. cpd

Patent Assignee: ETHICON INC (ETHI); JOHNSON & JOHNSON (JOHJ)

Inventor: CHEN C C; COOPER K; SCOPELIANOS A; SCOPELIANOS A G

Patent Family (8 patents, 10 countries)							
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Type
EP 714666	A1	19960605	EP 1995308600	A	19951129	199627	B
AU 199537953	A	19960606	AU 199537953	A	19951120	199630	E
CA 2164045	A	19960531	CA 2164045	A	19951129	199638	E
JP 8215299	A	19960827	JP 1995332566	A	19951129	199644	E
ZA 199510147	A	19970827	ZA 199510147	A	19951129	199740	E
US 5679723	A	19971021	US 1994346652	A	19941130	199748	E
			US 1995416389	A	19950406		
			US 1996710691	A	19960919		
BR 199505580	A	19971104	BR 19955580	A	19951130	199751	E
US 5747390	A	19980505	US 1994346652	A	19941130	199825	E
			US 1995416383	A	19950406		
			US 1996603570	A	19960220		

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1994346652 A 19941130; EP 1995308600 A 19951129

Patent Details						
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes	
EP 714666	A1	EN	17	1		
Regional Designated States,Original	DE FR GB IT					

CA 2164045	A	EN				
JP 8215299	A	JA	21			
ZA 199510147	A	EN	57			
US 5679723	A	EN	10	1	Division of application	US 1994346652
					Continuation of application	US 1995416389
BR 199505580	A	PT				
US 5747390	A	EN			Division of application	US 1994346652
					Continuation of application	US 1995416383

Alerting Abstract ...composites may be moulded into implantable medical devices such as bone defect substitutes, bone waxes, **bone** regenerating substitutes and cartilage **replacements**. The composites may be **extruded** into **fibres** which can **form** yarn or **meshes** for reinforcing devices. Liq. **forms** of the composites are used to coat biocompatible substrates. The composites may also be moulded... **Documentation Abstract** ...a) an absorbable substrate selected from woven meshes, nonwoven meshes, knitted meshes, yarns and **fibres** of absorbable polyesters **formed** from aliphatic lactone monomers selected from p-dioxanone, trimethylene carbonate, epsilon-caprolactone, glycolide, lactide (l, d, dl, meso), delta-valerolactone, beta-butyrolactone, epsilon-decalactone, 2,5-diketomorpholine, pivalolactone, alpha,**alpha**-diethylpropiolactone, ethylene carbonate, **ethylene** oxalate, 3-methyl-1,4-dioxane-2,5-dione, 3,3-diethyl-1,4-dioxan... ... composites may be moulded into implantable medical devices such as bone defect substitutes, bone waxes, **bone** regenerating substitutes and cartilage **replacements**. The composites may be **extruded** into **fibres** which can **form** yarn or **meshes** for reinforcing devices. Liq. **forms** of the composites are used to coat biocompatible substrates.... ... calcium phosphate, hydroxyapatite, fluoroapatite, calcium sulphate, calcium fluoride, calcium oxide, silica, sodium oxide, and/or **phosphorus pentoxide** particle size 100-500 mum. (AB) **Documentation Abstract Image**

Dialog eLink: [Order File History](#)

27/3,K/7 (Item 6 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0004061821

WPI Acc no: 1987-162895/198723

XRAM Acc no: C1987-067763

Surgical bone repair cements for dental and medical applications - contg. bone substitute and water soluble, polyfunctional carboxylic acid

Patent Assignee: UNIV OF DAYTON (UYDA-N)

Inventor: BAJPAI P K

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)							
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Type
US 4668295	A	19870526	US 1985726868	A	19850425	198723	B

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): US 1985726868 A 19850425

Patent Details					
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes
US 4668295	A	EN	4	0	

Surgical bone repair cements for dental and medical applications - Alerting

Abstract ...2-10C carboxylic acid (III) per 100 pts. (II). (II) is (non)resorbable and is **beta-tricalcium phosphate**, hydroxyapatite, milled freeze dried bone or a synthetic Ca contg. material (Ca aluminates and phosphates or alumino-**calcium oxide-phosphorus pentoxide** ceramics). Pref. (II) has a particle size of less than 400 mesh. (I) may also...
 ...USE/ADVANTAGE - (I) can be used in orthopaedic, oral and maxillofacial **surgery** in making **bone** grafts, **bone** scaffolds, **bone replacements** or protheses. These materials may be non-, totally- or partially bioabsorbable. (I) is a fast... Original Publication Data by AuthorityArgentina**Publication No. Original Abstracts:**Surgical **bone repair** cements useful **in medical** and/or **dental applications** comprising a **bone substitute** such as **hydroxyapatite**, tricalcium phosphate or **aluminumcalcium oxide-phosphorous pentoxide ceramic** and a polyfunctional carboxylic acid such as malic acid, alpha-ketoglutaric acid or citric acid as...

Dialog eLink: [Order File History](#)

27/3,K/8 (Item 7 from file: 350)

DIALOG(R)File 350: Derwent WPIX

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0004028206

WPI Acc no: 1987-126833/198718

Related WPI Acc No: 1983-18194K

XRAM Acc no: C1987-052790

XRPX Acc No: N1987-094822

Calcium phosphate fibre used in bone implants - has its surface (partially) coated with calcium phosphate cpd. e.g. hydroxy apatite

Patent Assignee: MITSUBISHI MINING & CEMENT CO (MISE)

Inventor: FUJISAWA T; FUKUDA Y; KOBAYASHI M; ONO M; TAGAI H;

TAKEUCHI H

Patent Family (1 patents, 1 countries)							
Patent Number	Kind	Date	Application Number	Kind	Date	Update	Type

JP 62069823	A	19870331	JP 1981102213	A	19810702	198718	B
			JP 1986213773	A	19850924		

Priority Applications (no., kind, date): JP 1981102213 A 19810702; JP 1986213773 A 19850924

Patent Details					
Patent Number	Kind	Lan	Pgs	Draw	Filing Notes
JP 62069823	A	JA	7	0	

Alerting Abstract ...Calcium phosphate fibre has mol. ratio of Ca/P 0.6-1.7 and **CaO** + **P2O5** more than 80 wt.% and a calcium phosphate cpd. in at least one section ...
...hydroxy apatite of the formula $\text{Ca}_{10}(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH}_2)$ or $\text{Ca}_5(\text{PO}_4)_3\text{OH}$ and **TCP**. They are pref. heated at 500-1350 deg.C. The hydroxy apatite powder is used with the fibre. The fibre is mfd. by melt-spinning calcium phosphate through nozzle to **form** calcium phosphate **fibre**. ...
...ADVANTAGE - The **fibre** is a bone **formation** accelerator. Calcium phosphate **fibre** has good affinity to living organism without contamination reaction and is used as filler material

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USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/9 (Item 1 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R)

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14224570 **PMID:** 11309786

Mechanical and histological evaluations of hydroxyapatite-coated and noncoated Ti6Al4V implants in tibia bone.

Chang C K; Wu J S; Mao D L; Ding C X

Open Laboratory for High Temperature Materials and High Temperature Tests, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, P.R. China. ckchang@mail1.sjtu.wsu.cn

Journal of biomedical materials research (United States) Jul 2001 , 56 (1) p17-23 ,

ISSN: 0021-9304--Print 0021-9304--Linking **Journal Code:** 0112726

Publishing Model Print

Document type: Comparative Study; Evaluation Studies; Journal Article; Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: MEDLINE; Completed

...the as-received coatings consisted mainly of amorphism and HAP phase. Other phases such as **TCP** and **CaO** were identified due to thermal changes of HAP particles in plasma flame. SEM micrographs showed... attachment between HAP coating and newly

formed bone. However, noncoated implants were separated from newly **formed** bone by **fibrous** tissues. Ti ions were found to be released into the surrounding environment after long time... (

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/10 (Item 2 from file: 155)

DIALOG(R)File 155: MEDLINE(R)

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14174044 **PMID:** 11246952

Structure and immersion behavior of plasma-sprayed apatite-matrix coatings.

Ding S J; Su Y M; Ju C P; Lin J H

Institute of Dental Materials, Chung-Shan Medical and Dental College, Taichung, Taiwan, ROC.

Biomaterials (England) Apr 2001 , 22 (8) p833-45 , **ISSN:** 0142-9612--Print 0142-9612--Linking **Journal Code:** 8100316

Publishing Model Print

Document type: In Vitro; Journal Article; Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't

Languages: ENGLISH

Main Citation Owner: NLM

Record type: MEDLINE; Completed

...properties of a series of plasma-sprayed coatings from sinter-granulated powders fabricated from SiO₂, **CaO**, P₂O₅ and Na₂O-containing HA composite powders on Ti-6Al-4V substrate were reported. The... ...showed that sinter-granulated apatite-matrix powders were irregularly shaped and appeared quite similar. XRD **patterns** showed that during **fabrication** of the powders, P₂O₅ and SiO₂ enhanced the decomposition of HA structure, while **CaO** and Na₂O did not. Reasonably high bond strengths (45-50 MPa) were obtained from all... ...different phases. When immersed in SBF, the intensities of such phases as alpha- and beta-**TCP** in all coatings decreased with immersion time and an apatite precipitation took place on all coating surfaces. The immersed SiO₂- and **CaO**-containing HA (HSC) coating had the highest rate of apatite precipitation among all coatings. The... ...HSC-immersed solution reached its maximal Ca concentration the earliest, while the HSCP (HA, SiO₂, **CaO** and P₂O₅)-immersed solution reached its maximum the latest. (

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/11 (Item 1 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R)File 5: Biosis Previews(R)

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16152998 **Biosis No.:** 200100324837

Mechanical and histological evaluations of hydroxyapatite-coated and noncoated Ti6Al4V implants in tibia bone

Author: Chang C K (Reprint); Wu J S; Mao D L; Ding C X

Author Address: Open Laboratory for High Temperature Materials and High Temperature Tests, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, 1954 Huashan Road, Shanghai, 200030, China** China

Journal: Journal of Biomedical Materials Research 56 (1): p 17-23 July, 2001 2001

Medium: print

ISSN: 0021-9304

Document Type: Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

Abstract: ...the as-received coatings consisted mainly of amorphism and HAP phase. Other phases such as **TCP** and **CaO** were identified due to thermal changes of HAP particles in plasma flame. SEM micrographs showed... ..attachment between HAP coating and newly formed bone. However, noncoated implants were separated from newly **formed** bone by **fibrous** tissues. Ti ions were found to be released into the surrounding environment after long time...

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/12 (Item 2 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R)File 5: Biosis Previews(R)

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16015375 **Biosis No.:** 200100187214

Structure and immersion behavior of plasma-sprayed apatite-matrix coatings

Author: Ding S J; Su Y M; Ju C P; Chern Lin J H (Reprint)

Author Address: Department of Materials Science and Engineering, National Cheng-Kung University, 70101, Tainan, Taiwan**Taiwan

Journal: Biomaterials 22 (8): p 833-845 April, 2001 2001

Medium: print

ISSN: 0142-9612

Document Type: Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

Abstract: ...properties of a series of plasma-sprayed coatings from sinter-granulated powders fabricated from SiO₂, **CaO**, P₂O₅ and Na₂O-containing HA composite powders on Ti-6Al-4V substrate were reported. The... ..showed that sinter-granulated apatite-matrix powders were irregularly shaped and appeared quite similar. XRD **patterns** showed that during **fabrication** of the powders, P₂O₅ and SiO₂ enhanced the decomposition of HA structure, while **CaO** and Na₂O did not. Reasonably high bond strengths (45-50 MPa) were obtained from all... ..different phases. When immersed in SBF, the intensities of such phases as alpha- and beta-**TCP** in all coatings decreased with

immersion time and an apatite precipitation took place on all coating surfaces. The immersed SiO₂- and CaO-containing HA (HSC) coating had the highest rate of apatite precipitation among all coatings. The... HSC-immersed solution reached its maximal Ca concentration the earliest, while the HSCP (HA, SiO₂, CaO and P₂O₅)-immersed solution reached its maximum the latest.

Registry Numbers: ...calcium oxide; ...phosphorus pentoxide;

Enzyme Commission Number:

DESCRIPTORS:

Chemicals & Biochemicals: ...calcium oxide--...phosphorus pentoxide--

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/13 (Item 1 from file: 972)

DIALOG(R)File 972: EMBASE

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0078571476 **EMBASE/MEDLINE No:** 2001177618

Mechanical and histological evaluations of hydroxyapatite-coated and noncoated Ti6A14V implants in tibia bone

Chang C.K.; Wu J.S.; Mao D.L.; Ding C.X.

Open Lab. High Temp. Mat. High T., Shanghai Jiao Tong University, 1954 Huashan Road, Shanghai 200030, China

Author email: ckchang@mail1.sjtu.wsu.cn

Corresp. Author/Affil: Chang C.K.: Open Lab. for High Temp. Mat., Shanghai Jiao Tong University, 1954 Huashan Road, Shanghai 200030, China

Corresp. Author Email: ckchang@mail1.sjtu.wsu.cn

Journal of Biomedical Materials Research (J. Biomed. Mater. Res.) (United States)
May 28, 2001 , 56/1 (17-23)

CODEN: JBMRB **ISSN:** 0021-9304

Item Identifier (DOI): [10.1002/1097-4636\(200107\)56:1<17::AID-JBM1063>3.0.CO;2-T](https://doi.org/10.1002/1097-4636(200107)56:1<17::AID-JBM1063>3.0.CO;2-T)

Document Type: Journal ; Article **Record Type:** Abstract

Language: English **Summary language:** English

Number of References: 15

...the as-received coatings consisted mainly of amorphism and HAP phase. Other phases such as TCP and CaO were identified due to thermal changes of HAP particles in plasma flame. SEM micrographs showed... attachment between HAP coating and newly formed bone. However, noncoated implants were separated from newly formed bone by fibrous tissues. Ti ions were found to be released into the surrounding environment after long time...

SECTION HEADINGS:

Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation

Orthopedic Surgery

Dialog eLink:

INSPEC Full Text Periodical Online

27/3,K/14 (Item 1 from file: 2)

DIALOG(R)File 2: INSPEC

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06759967

Title: Interrelationship between bioceramics and mice osteoclast in culture

Author(s): Nall, B.¹; Benghuzzi, H.¹; Puckett, A.¹; Parsell, D.¹; Robert, B.¹; Tucci, M.¹

Affiliation(s):

¹ Univ. of Mississippi Med. Center, Jackson, MS, USA

Book Title: Proceedings of the 1997 16th Southern Biomedical Engineering Conference (Cat. No.97TH8270)

Inclusive Page Numbers: 279-82

Publisher: IEEE, New York, NY

Country of Publication: USA

Publication Date: 1997

Conference Title: Proceedings of the 1997 16 Southern Biomedical Engineering Conference

Conference Date: 4-6 April 1997

Conference Location: Biloxi, MS, USA

Conference Sponsor: Mississippi State Univ. Dept. Agricultural & Biological Eng. Univ. Mississippi Med. Center Dept. Restorative Dentistry/Biomater., Orthopaedic Surgery, Div. Continuing Health Professional Educ. IEEE/Eng. Med. & Biology Soc

Editor(s): Bumgardner, J.D. Puckett, A.D.

ISBN: 0-7803-3869-3

U.S. Copyright Clearance Center Code: 0 7803 3869 3/97/\$10.00

Item Identifier (DOI): [10.1109/SBEC.1997.583285](https://doi.org/10.1109/SBEC.1997.583285)

Number of Pages: xviii+486

Language: English

Subfile(s): A (Physics)

INSPEC Update Issue: 1997-046

Copyright: 1997, IEE

Abstract: ... this study was to investigate the effect of various biomedical ceramics such as tricalcium phosphate (**TCP**), hydroxyapatite (**HA**), and aluminum-calcium-phosphorus oxide (**ALCAP**) on the adherence and viability of mice osteoclast (**OT**) in vitro. The **OT** cells... standard laboratory procedures. Cells were plated in each micrometer-well pretreated with ceramic capsules (**HA**, **TCP** and **ALCAP**) and buffered control. At the end of 1, 2, 3 and 5 days... this experiment suggest that: (i) **OT** are capable of adhering to the surface of **HA**, **TCP** and **ALCAP** in an in vitro environment for over a 5 day period; (ii) Long... after contacting a cellular environment. This observation suggest that the material surface has been modified (**TCP**>**HA**=**ALCAP**). Information obtained from this study provided new insights on the interrelationship

between bioceramics...

Descriptors: bone; cellular biophysics; ceramics; prosthetics; surgery

Identifiers: ... mice osteoclast; culture; bone; surgical implantation; osteoclastic response; biomedical ceramics; tricalcium phosphate; hydroxyapatite; aluminum-calcium-phosphorus oxide; adherence; viability; adult male mice; micrometer-well; ceramic capsules; buffered control; cell number; biochemical analysis... ... inflammation; implantation site; 1 d; 2 d; 3 d; 5 d; $\text{Ca}_3(\text{PO}_4)_2$; $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3\text{-CaO-P}_2\text{O}_5$; $\text{Ca}_{10}(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_2$

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/15 (Item 1 from file: 144)

DIALOG(R)File 144: Pascal

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14704017 PASCAL No.: 00-0379386

Crystallization and microstructure analysis of calcium phosphate-based glass ceramics for biomedical applications

YONG ZHANG; SANTOS J D

Laboratorio de Biomateriais, Instituto de Engenharia Biomedica (INEB),
Rua do Campo Alegre 823, 4150 Porto, Portugal; Departamento de Engenharia Metalurgica e Materiais, Faculdade de Engenharia da Universidade do Porto

(FEUP), Rua dos Bragas, 4099 Porto, Portugal

Journal: Journal of non-crystalline solids,
2000, 272 (1)

14-21

Language: English

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Calcium phosphate glasses and glass ceramics ($\text{CaO/P SUB 2 O SUB 5}$ =1.25 in molar ratio) modified by small amounts...

...By adding higher contents of Na SUB 2 O and TiO SUB 2 and using

$\text{CaO /P SUB 2 O SUB 5}$ =1.5-2.0, crystallization of beta -DCP and $\text{Ca SUB 3 (PO SUB 4) SUB 2 (beta -TCP)}$, and the formation of a dense structure in the glass ceramics were obtained. The precipitation...

... formed after the soluble phases are dissolved in physiological media.

These glass ceramics with high $\text{CaO/P SUB 2 O SUB 5}$ ratio, modified by the above mentioned additives are expected to find use as implants for

bone replacement /regeneration and drug delivery carriers synergistically, because the soluble phases may act as drug delivery...

...English Descriptors: analysis; Microstructure; X ray diffraction;

Differential thermal analysis; Scanning electron microscopy; Dispersive

spectrometry; Energy dispersion; **Phosphorus Oxides**; Calcium Oxides; Magnesium Oxides; Sodium Oxides; Titanium Oxides; Zirconium Oxides

...French Descriptors: Dispersion energie; Phosphore Oxyde; Calcium Oxyde;

Magnesium Oxyde; Sodium Oxyde; Titane Oxyde; Zirconium Oxyde; Systeme **CaO** P2O5; Ca O P; Systeme **CaO** MgO Na2O P2O5; Ca Mg Na O P; Systeme **CaO** Na2O P2O5 TiO2; Ca Na O P Ti; Systeme **CaO** MgO Na2O P2O5 TiO2 ZrO2; Ca Mg Na O P Ti Zr

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Patent Solutions

27/3,K/16 (Item 2 from file: 144)

DIALOG(R)File 144: Pascal

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14416031 PASCAL No.: 00-0072784

Kinetics of thermal decomposition of hydroxyapatite bioceramics

CIHLAR J; BUCHAL A; TRUNEC M

Department of Ceramics, Institute of Materials Engineering, Technical University of Brno, Technicka 2, 616 69 Brno, Czech Republic

Journal: Journal of materials science,
1999, 34 (24)
6121-6131

Language: English

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... 0.5. At temperatures between 1473 and 1758 K the hydroxyapatite was decomposed to alpha -**TCP**, H SUB 2 O and **CaO** . The decomposition of HOA started on the surface of the HOA ceramics. The rate of increase in the thickness of the reaction products (alpha -**TCP**) was described by the parabolic law. The kinetic analysis of the time dependence of HOA conversion to **TCP** by means of the J-M-A-J-K equation also showed that the thermal...

Spanish Descriptors: Biomaterial; Hidroxiapatito; Calcio Fosfato;

Fabricacion; **Moldeo** por inyeccion; Sinterizacion;

Descomposicion termica; Cinetica; Difraccion RX; Estudio experimental

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/17 (Item 1 from file: 23)

DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database

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0006224760 IP Accession No: 200106-57-0873; 200105-C4-C-0275

Structure and immersion behavior of plasma-sprayed apatite-matrix coatings

Chern Lin, J H; Ding, S J; Su, Y M; Ju, C P National Cheng Kung University

Biomaterials (UK) , v 22 , n 8 , p 833-845 , Apr. 2001

Publication Date: 2001

Publisher: Elsevier Science Ltd. , Oxford Fulfillment Centre, P.O. Box 800 , Kidlington , Oxford , OX5 1DX

Country Of Publication: UK

Publisher Url: <http://www.elsevier.com>

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

ISSN: 0142-9612

File Segment: Metadex; Engineering Materials Abstracts

Abstract:

...a series of plasma-sprayed coatings from sinter-granulated powders fabricated from SiO sub 2 , **CaO**, P sub 2 O sub 5 and Na sub 2 O-containing HA composite powders...
...showed that sinter-granulated apatite-matrix powders were irregularly shaped and appeared quite similar. XRD **patterns** showed that during **fabrication** of the powders, P sub 2 O sub 5 and SiO sub 2 enhanced the decomposition of HA structure, while **CaO** and Na sub 2 O did not. Reasonably high bond strengths (45-50 MPa) were... ..different phases. When immersed in SBF, the intensities of such phases as alpha - and beta -**TCP** in all coatings decreased with immersion time and an apatite precipitation took place on all coating surfaces. The immersed SiO sub 2 - and **CaO**-containing HA (HSC) coating had the highest rate of apatite precipitation among all coatings. The... ..solution reached its maximal Ca concentration the earliest, while the HSCP (HA, SiO sub 2 , **CaO** and P sub 2 O sub 5)-immersed solution reached its maximum the latest.

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/18 (Item 2 from file: 23)

DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database

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0005149376 IP Accession No: WCA108147

HYDRATION REACTIONS IN THE SYSTEM CaO-P2O5-SiO2-(H2O)

Vanis, P; Odler, I Clausthal, Technical University
J.Am.Ceram.Soc. , v 79 , n 4 , p 1124-1126 , 1996
Publication Date: 1996

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

File Segment: Ceramics Abstracts/World Ceramic Abstracts

HYDRATION REACTIONS IN THE SYSTEM CaO-P2O5-SiO2-(H2O)

Abstract:

Highly dispersed powders containing **alpha-tricalcium phosphate** as the main constituent, produced by a sol-gel process and subsequent heating to at...

Descriptors: Alpha tricalcium phosphate; Ammonium phosphate; Bioceramic; Biomaterial; Calcia; **Calcium oxide**; Chemical reaction; Compressive strength; Firing temperature; Hardening; Hardness; Hydration; Hydraulic properties; Hydroxyapatite; Mechanical properties; Paste; pH; **Phosphorus oxide**; **Phosphorus pentoxide**; Physical properties; Potassium phosphate; Powder synthesis; Reaction product; Setting; Silica; Silicon dioxide; Sodium phosphate; Sol...

Identifiers:

Subj Catg: ...QQ, Medical, **dental** and veterinary **application**

Material Class:

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Patent Options

27/3,K/19 (Item 3 from file: 23)

DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database

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0004954851 IP Accession No: WCA106288

FORMATION OF HYDROXYAPATITE ON COMPOSITES IN CaO-P2O5-SiO2-AI2O3 SYSTEM BY HYDROTHERMAL TREATMENT

Aizawa, M; Ishikawa, T; Itatani, K; Howell, F S; Kinoshita, M; Kishioka, A Tokyo,
Sophia University

Journal of the Ceramic Society of Japan , v 103 , n 10 , p 992-995 , 1995

Publication Date: 1995

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

ISSN: 0009-0255; 0009-0255

File Segment: Ceramics Abstracts/World Ceramic Abstracts

FORMATION OF HYDROXYAPATITE ON COMPOSITES IN CaO-P2O5-SiO2-

Al₂O₃ SYSTEM BY HYDROTHERMAL TREATMENT

Abstract:

Nine composite powders in the **CaO-P₂O₅-SiO₂-Al₂O₃** system were prepared by the sol-gel process. Although the as-prepared powders were amorphous, hydroxyapatite (HAp) and tricalcium phosphate (**TCP**) were formed after heat treatment at 800 to 1300 C. Anorthite (CaAl₂Si₂O₈) was also formed... ..5 h. When this composite was hydrothermally treated at 160 C for 24 h, beta-**TCP** was changed into HAp to form a porous layer about 8 micron in thickness on...

Descriptors: Alumina; Aluminium oxide; Amorphous powder; Anorthite; **Beta tricalcium phosphate**; Biomaterial; Bulk density; Calcia; **Calcium oxide**; Calcium phosphate; Composite; Composition; Crystalline phase; Densification; Density; Fracture surface; Glass ceramic; Glass-ceramic; Heat treatment; Heating; Hydrothermal processing; Hydrothermal treatment; Hydroxyapatite; Layer thickness; Particle; Particle shape; Phase; Phase formation; **Phosphorus oxide**; **Phosphorus pentoxide**; Physical properties; Porous layer; Porous material; Powder; Powder preparation; Processing; Processing temperature; Processing time; Raw...

Identifiers:

Subj Catg: ...QQ, Medical, **dental** and veterinary **application**;

Material Class:

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/20 (Item 4 from file: 23)

DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database

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0004529692 IP Accession No: WCA091891

CERAMICS AND GLASS-CERAMIC MATERIALS FOR BONE IMPLANTS

Medvedev, E F All-Russian Sci.-Res.Inst.of Experimental Physics

Glass and Ceramics , v 50 , n 1/2 , p 81-85 , 1993

Publication Date: 1993

Publisher: Consultants Bureau , 233 Spring St. , New York , NY , 10013

Country Of Publication: USA

Publisher Url: <http://www.wkap.nl>

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

ISSN: 0361-7610; 0361-7610

File Segment: Ceramics Abstracts/World Ceramic Abstracts

Abstract:

...include materials with straight-through porosity, which will probably allow for the growth of collagen **fibres** and the **formation** of soft-bone matrix. A combination of bioinert and bioactive ceramics may prove to be...

Descriptors: Alumina; Aluminium oxide; Apatite; Artificial bone; Bioactive; Bioceramic; Biocompatibility; Biocompatible; Bioglass; Bioglass ceramic; Bioinert; **Biomaterial; Bone; Bone replacement; Bone** tissue; Calcia; Calcium oxide; Calcium phosphate; Collagen; Composite; Composition; Development; Glass; Glass ceramic; Glass-ceramic; Hydroxyapatite; Implant; Medical application; **Phosphorus oxide; Phosphorus pentoxide**; Porosity; Research; Review; Silica; Silicon dioxide; Sital; Technical; Trend; Cis; Russia

Identifiers:

Subj Catg: ...QQ, Medical, **dental** and veterinary **application**;

Material Class:

Dialog eLink:

USPTO Full Text Retrieval Options

27/3,K/21 (Item 5 from file: 23)

DIALOG(R)File 23: CSA Technology Research Database

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0003646568 IP Accession No: WCA63663

HIGH STRENGTH BIOGLASS CERAMIC CONTAINING Ca₂P₂O₇

F-H, Lin; M-H, Hon TAIWAN, NATIONAL CHENG KUNG UNIVERSITY

J.Aust.Ceram.Soc. , v 25 , n 1 , p 41-49 , 1989

Publication Date: 1989

Document Type: Journal Article

Record Type: Abstract

Language: English

File Segment: Ceramics Abstracts/World Ceramic Abstracts

Abstract:

The fabrication of a glass-ceramic, and its **application** as an artificial **bone** prosthetic biomedical material are discussed. This new bioglass ceramic had a composition of 12% Na₂O...

Descriptors: Artificial **bone**; Bioceramic; Biocompatibility; Bioglass ceramic; Biomedical **application**; Cell culture; Chemical bond; Chemical composition; Compatibility; Compressive strength; Crystal; Crystal phase; Crystal size; Data; **Design; Fabrication**; Flexural strength; Fracture toughness; Glass; Glass ceramic; Glass phase; Glass-ceramic; Mechanical properties; Microstructure; Nucleation; Phase separation; Prosthetic; Silicate glass; Technical; Testing; Calcium oxide; Calcium pyrophosphate; **Phosphorus oxide; Phosphorus pentoxide**; Silica; Silicon dioxide; Sodium calcium silicate; Sodium oxide; Taiwan

Identifiers:

Subj Catg: ...QQ, Medical, **dental** and veterinary **application**;MLP, Medical, **dental** and veterinary **application**

Material Class:

27/3,K/22 (Item 1 from file: 35)

DIALOG(R)File 35: Dissertation Abs Online

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SYNTHESES OF NEAR-NET SHAPED MONOLITHIC HYDROXYAPATITE AND HYDROXYAPATITE-ASTM F75 COMPOSITES BY THE OXIDATION OF SOLID METAL-BEARING PRECURSORS (ASTM F75)

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A novel powder-metallurgical route was used to **fabricate** near net- **shaped** hydroxyapatite, $\text{Ca}_{10}(\text{PO}_4)_6(\text{OH})_2$... phase-pure HA. The reduction in solid volume associated with the oxidation of calcium ($V_m[\text{CaO}] < V_m[\text{Ca}]$) was offset by the increase in solid volume associated with the conversion of **CaO** and $\text{Ca}_2\text{P}_2\text{O}_7$ discussed.

Planar reaction couples and powder compacts of **CaO-TCP** were prepared to study the kinetics for HA formation from **CaO+TCP**. Pt strips were used in the planar reaction couples as inert markers. These reaction couples... compact analyses fits Carter's model, which indicated that the rate of HA conversion from **CaO** and **TCP** is limited by solid state diffusion of Ca^{2+} and/or OH